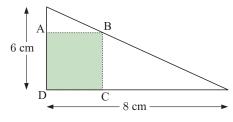


- The graphs of  $y = x^2 3x$  and  $y = 2x x^2$  are illustrated.
  - a Without using technology, show that the graphs meet where x = 0 and  $x = 2\frac{1}{2}$ .
  - b Find the maximum vertical separation between the curves for 0 ≤ x ≤ 2<sup>1</sup>/<sub>2</sub>.
- 8 Infinitely many rectangles may be inscribed within the right angled triangle shown alongside. One of them is illustrated.
  - a Let AB = x cm and BC = y cm. Use similar triangles to find y in terms of x.
  - **b** Find the dimensions of rectangle ABCD of maximum area.



## SUM AND PRODUCT OF ROOTS

### What to do:

**INVESTIGATION 4** 

1 Suppose  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  has roots p and q. Prove that  $p + q = \frac{-b}{a}$  and  $pq = \frac{c}{a}$ .

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**2** Suppose  $2x^2 - 5x + 1 = 0$  has roots p and q. Without finding the values of p and q, find:

a 
$$p+q$$
 b  $pq$  c  $p^2+q^2$  d  $rac{1}{p}+rac{1}{q}$ 

- **3** Find *all* quadratic equations with roots which are:
  - **a** one more than the roots of  $2x^2 5x + 1 = 0$
  - **b** the squares of the roots of  $2x^2 5x + 1 = 0$
  - the reciprocals of the roots of  $2x^2 5x + 1 = 0$ .

## **REVIEW SET 1A**

- **1** Consider the quadratic function y = -2(x+2)(x-1).
  - **a** State the *x*-intercepts.
- **b** State the equation of the axis of symmetry.
- **d** Find the coordinates of the vertex.
- Sketch the function.
- 2 Solve the following equations, giving exact answers:

**a** 
$$3x^2 - 12x = 0$$
 **b**  $3x^2 - x - 10 = 0$  **c**  $x^2 - 11x = 60$ 

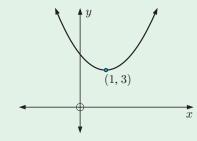
- **3** Solve using the quadratic formula:
  - **a**  $x^2 + 5x + 3 = 0$  **b**  $3x^2 + 11x 2 = 0$

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- **c** Find the *y*-intercept. **d** Find the

### 50 QUADRATICS (Chapter 1)

- 4 Solve by 'completing the square':  $x^2 + 7x 4 = 0$
- **5** Use the vertex, axis of symmetry, and *y*-intercept to graph:
  - **a**  $y = (x-2)^2 4$ **b**  $y = -\frac{1}{2}(x+4)^2 + 6$
- 6 Find, in the form  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ , the equation of the quadratic whose graph:
  - **a** touches the x-axis at 4 and passes through (2, 12)
  - **b** has vertex (-4, 1) and passes through (1, 11).
- 7 Find the maximum or minimum value of the relation  $y = -2x^2 + 4x + 3$  and the value of x at which this occurs.
- 8 Find the points of intersection of  $y = x^2 3x$  and  $y = 3x^2 5x 24$ .
- **9** For what values of k does the graph of  $y = -2x^2 + 5x + k$  not cut the x-axis?
- **10** Find the values of m for which  $2x^2 3x + m = 0$  has: **a** a repeated root **b** two distinct real roots **c** no real roots.
- **11** The sum of a number and its reciprocal is  $2\frac{1}{30}$ . Find the number.
- **12** Show that no line with a *y*-intercept of (0, 10) will ever be tangential to the curve with equation  $y = 3x^2 + 7x 2$ .
- **13** The diagram shows a quadratic  $y = x^2 + mx + n$ .



- **a** Determine the values of m and n.
- **b** Find k given that the graph passes through the point (3, k).

# **REVIEW SET 1B**

### CALCULATOR

- 1 Consider the quadratic function  $y = 2x^2 + 6x 3$ .
  - **a** Convert it to the form  $y = a(x h)^2 + k$ .
  - **b** State the coordinates of the vertex.
  - Find the *y*-intercept.
  - **d** Sketch the graph of the function.
- 2 Solve:

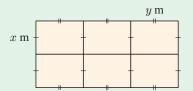
**a** 
$$(x-2)(x+1) = 3x-4$$
  
**b**  $2x - \frac{1}{x} = 5$ 

- **3** Draw the graph of  $y = -x^2 + 2x$ .
- 4 Consider the quadratic function  $y = -3x^2 + 8x + 7$ . Find the equation of the axis of symmetry, and the coordinates of the vertex.

- 5 Using the discriminant only, determine the nature of the solutions of:
  - **a**  $2x^2 5x 7 = 0$  **b**  $3x^2 24x + 48 = 0$
- 6 a For what values of c do the lines with equations y = 3x + c intersect the parabola  $y = x^2 + x 5$  in two distinct points?
  - **b** Choose one such value of c from part **a** and find the points of intersection in this case.
- 7 Consider the quadratic function  $y = 2x^2 + 4x 1$ .
  - a State the axis of symmetry. **b** Find the coordinates of the vertex.
  - **c** Find the axes intercepts. **d** Hence sketch the function.
- 8 An open square-based container is made by cutting 4 cm square pieces out of a piece of tinplate. If the volume of the container is 120 cm<sup>3</sup>, find the size of the original piece of tinplate.
- **9** Consider  $y = -x^2 5x + 3$  and  $y = x^2 + 3x + 11$ .
  - **a** Solve for x:  $-x^2 5x + 3 = x^2 + 3x + 11$ .
  - **b** Hence, or otherwise, determine the values of x for which  $x^2 + 3x + 11 > -x^2 5x + 3$ .
- **10** Find the maximum or minimum value of the following quadratics, and the corresponding value of *x*:

**a** 
$$y = 3x^2 + 4x + 7$$
   
**b**  $y = -2x^2 - 5x + 2$ 

- **11** 600 m of fencing is used to construct 6 rectangular animal pens as shown.
  - **a** Show that the area A of each pen is  $A = x \left(\frac{600 - 8x}{9}\right) \text{ m}^2.$



- **b** Find the dimensions of each pen so that it has the maximum possible area.
- What is the area of each pen in this case?
- **12** Two different quadratic functions of the form  $y = 9x^2 kx + 4$  each touch the x-axis.
  - **a** Find the two values of k.
  - **b** Find the point of intersection of the two quadratic functions.

# **REVIEW SET 1C**

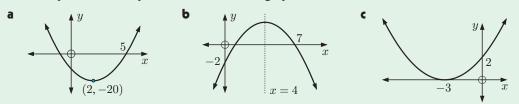
- 1 Consider the quadratic function  $y = \frac{1}{2}(x-2)^2 4$ .
  - **a** State the equation of the axis of symmetry.
  - **b** Find the coordinates of the vertex. **c** Find the *y*-intercept.
  - **d** Sketch the function.
- **2** Solve the following equations:

**a**  $x^2 - 5x - 3 = 0$  **b**  $2x^2 - 7x - 3 = 0$ 

- **3** Solve the following using the quadratic formula:
  - **a**  $x^2 7x + 3 = 0$  **b**  $2x^2 5x + 4 = 0$

#### 52 QUADRATICS (Chapter 1)

**4** Find the equation of the quadratic function with graph:



5 Use the discriminant only to find the relationship between the graph and the x-axis for:

**a**  $y = 2x^2 + 3x - 7$  **b**  $y = -3x^2 - 7x + 4$ 

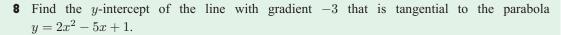
• Determine whether the following quadratic functions are positive definite, negative definite, or neither:

(2, 25)

a 
$$y = -2x^2 + 3x + 2$$

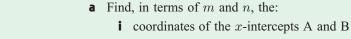
**b** 
$$y = 3x^2 + x + 11$$

**7** Find the equation of the quadratic function shown:



- **9** For what values of k would the graph of  $y = x^2 2x + k$  cut the x-axis twice?
- **10** Find the quadratic function which cuts the x-axis at 3 and -2 and which has y-intercept 24. Give your answer in the form  $y = ax^2 + bx + c$ .
- **11** For what values of m are the lines y = mx 10 tangents to the parabola  $y = 3x^2 + 7x + 2?$
- **12** The diagram shows the parabola y = a(x+m)(x+n) where m > n.

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- ii equation of the axis of symmetry.
- **b** State the sign of:

i the discriminant  $\Delta$ 

- **ii** a.
- **13 a** Determine the equation of:
  - i the quadratic function
    - **ii** the straight line.
  - **b** For what values of x is the straight line above the curve?

В

