

FACTORISING TRIGONOMETRIC EXPRESSIONS

Example 13

Self Tutor

Factorise: **a** $\cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha$ **b** $\tan^2 \theta - 3 \tan \theta + 2$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a} \quad & \cos^2 \alpha - \sin^2 \alpha \\ & = (\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha)(\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha) \quad \{a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{b} \quad & \tan^2 \theta - 3 \tan \theta + 2 \\ & = (\tan \theta - 2)(\tan \theta - 1) \quad \{x^2 - 3x + 2 = (x - 2)(x - 1)\} \end{aligned}$$

Example 14

Self Tutor

Simplify:

$$\mathbf{a} \quad \frac{2 - 2 \cos^2 \theta}{1 + \cos \theta}$$

$$\mathbf{b} \quad \frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta}{\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a} \quad & \frac{2 - 2 \cos^2 \theta}{1 + \cos \theta} \\ & = \frac{2(1 - \cos^2 \theta)}{1 + \cos \theta} \\ & = \frac{2(1 + \cancel{\cos \theta})(1 - \cos \theta)}{(1 + \cancel{\cos \theta})} \\ & = 2(1 - \cos \theta) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{b} \quad & \frac{\cos \theta - \sin \theta}{\cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta} \\ & = \frac{(\cancel{\cos \theta} - \sin \theta)}{(\cos \theta + \sin \theta)(\cancel{\cos \theta} - \sin \theta)} \\ & = \frac{1}{\cos \theta + \sin \theta} \end{aligned}$$

EXERCISE 11C.2

1 Factorise:

a $1 - \sin^2 \theta$

b $\sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha$

c $\tan^2 \alpha - 1$

d $2 \sin^2 \beta - \sin \beta$

e $2 \cos \phi + 3 \cos^2 \phi$

f $3 \sin^2 \theta - 6 \sin \theta$

g $\tan^2 \theta + 5 \tan \theta + 6$

h $2 \cos^2 \theta + 7 \cos \theta + 3$

i $6 \cos^2 \alpha - \cos \alpha - 1$

2 Simplify:

a $\frac{1 - \sin^2 \alpha}{1 - \sin \alpha}$

b $\frac{\tan^2 \beta - 1}{\tan \beta + 1}$

c $\frac{\cos^2 \phi - \sin^2 \phi}{\cos \phi + \sin \phi}$

d $\frac{\cos^2 \phi - \sin^2 \phi}{\cos \phi - \sin \phi}$

e $\frac{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha}{\sin^2 \alpha - \cos^2 \alpha}$

f $\frac{3 - 3 \sin^2 \theta}{6 \cos \theta}$

3 Show that:

a $(\cos \theta + \sin \theta)^2 + (\cos \theta - \sin \theta)^2$ simplifies to 2

b $(2 \sin \theta + 3 \cos \theta)^2 + (3 \sin \theta - 2 \cos \theta)^2$ simplifies to 13

c $(1 - \cos \theta) \left(1 + \frac{1}{\cos \theta}\right)$ simplifies to $\tan \theta \sin \theta$

d $\left(1 + \frac{1}{\sin \theta}\right) (\sin \theta - \sin^2 \theta)$ simplifies to $\cos^2 \theta$