## **Binomial Distribution Practice**

- A box holds 240 eggs. The probability that an egg is brown is 0.05.
  - Find the expected number of brown eggs in the box.

$$E(x) = 240(.05) = 12$$

- (b) Find the probability that there are 15 brown eggs in the box  $P(\chi=15) = {240 \choose 15} (.05)^{15} (.95)^{225} = .073$ (2)
- Find the probability that there are at least 10 brown eggs in the box. (c)

$$P(\chi \ge 10) = 1 - P(\chi \le 9)$$
 (Total 7 marks)  
= .764

- A factory makes switches. The probability that a switch is defective is 0.04. 2. The factory tests a random sample of 100 switches.
  - Find the mean number of defective switches in the sample. (a)

$$\mu = 100 (.04) = 4$$

Find the probability that there are exactly six defective switches in the sample.
$$P(\chi = 6) = {100 \choose 6} (.04)^6 (.96)^{94} = .105$$

Find the probability that there is at least one defective switch in the sample. (c)

$$P(\chi \geq 1) = 1 - P(\delta)$$

$$= .983$$
(Total 7 marks)

- 3. The probability of obtaining heads on a biased coin is  $\frac{1}{3}$ .
  - (a) Sam tosses the coin three times. Find the probability of getting
    - (i) three heads;  $P(\chi=3) = {3 \choose 3} (\frac{1}{3})^3 (\frac{2}{3})^3 = 0.037$
    - (ii) two heads and one tail.  $P(\chi=2) = {3 \choose 2} {1 \over 3}^2 {2 \choose 3} = .222$ (5)
  - (b) Claire plays a game in which she tosses the coin 12 times.
    - (i) Find the expected number of heads.  $E(\chi) = 12(\frac{1}{3}) = 4$
    - (ii) Claire wins \$ 10 for each head obtained, and loses \$ 6 for each tail. Find her expected winnings. From above, we expect 4 heads,

      So 8 tails.

      (\$\frac{10}{10}\$ \times 4\rm (-\pi 6\times 8) = -\pi 8
- 4. Lily tosses a fair coin five times. Calculate the probability she obtains
  - (a) exactly three heads;  $P(\chi = 3) = (\frac{5}{3})(\frac{1}{2})^3(\frac{1}{2})^2 = .313$
  - (b) at least one head.

$$P(\chi \ge 1) = 1 - P(\chi = 0)$$

$$= 1 - {5 \choose 0} (\frac{1}{2})^{0} (\frac{1}{2})^{5}$$

$$= 969$$

(Total 6 marks)